REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE BOYD COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS www.auditor.ky.gov

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE BOYD COUNTY FISCAL COURT

June 30, 2010

The Auditor of Public Accounts has completed the audit of the Boyd County Fiscal Court for fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. We have issued unqualified opinions, based on our audit, on the governmental activities, business-type activities, and each major fund of Boyd County, Kentucky.

The financial statements of the Boyd County Sanitation District No. 4, a discretely presented component unit, have been prepared under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which is inconsistent with the basis of accounting Boyd County, Kentucky, uses to prepare its financial statements. As a result, we have issued a qualified opinion on the discretely presented component unit.

Financial Condition:

The fiscal court had net assets of \$12,212,782 as of June 30, 2010. The fiscal court had unrestricted net assets of \$1,300,905 in its governmental activities as of June 30, 2010, with total net assets of \$12,139,533. In its business-type activities, total net cash and cash equivalents were \$63,833 with total net assets of \$73,249. The fiscal court's discretely presented component unit had net assets of \$5,867,490 as of June 30, 2010. The discretely presented component unit had net cash and cash equivalents of \$938,336. The fiscal court had total debt principal as of June 30, 2010 of \$44,539,707 with \$1,679,711 due within the next year. The discretely presented component units had total debt principal as of June 30, 2010 of \$2,565,020 with \$418,265 due within the next year.

Report Comments:

2010-01	The County Spent \$352,890 That Was Not Shown On Their Financial Reports And Not Approved
	By The Fiscal Court
2010-02	The County Should Bid All Expenditures Over \$20,000
2010-03	Invoices Should Be Paid Within Thirty Working Days
2010-04	Interfund Transfers Of \$3,491,003 Were Not Approved By The County

Deposits:

The fiscal courts deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities or bonds.

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CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Lori H. Flanery, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable William C. Stevens, Boyd County Judge/Executive
Members of the Boyd County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Boyd County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Boyd County Fiscal Court. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We did not audit the financial statements of the Boyd County Sanitation District No. 4, a discretely presented component unit, which represents 100 percent of the assets and revenues of the discretely presented component opinion unit. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Boyd County Sanitation District No. 4 is based on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the <u>Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits</u> issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described in Note 1, Boyd County, Kentucky, prepares its financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The financial statements of Boyd County Sanitation District No. 4, a discretely presented component unit of the Boyd County Fiscal Court, as presented in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting and therefore, include certain accruals required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America that are not presented in accordance with the modified cash basis. The amounts by which these accruals affect the financial statements are not reasonably determinable.



To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Lori H. Flanery, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
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Members of the Boyd County Fiscal Court

In our opinion, based upon our report and the report of other auditors, except for the effects of such adjustments, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had the Boyd County Sanitation District No. 4's financial statements been prepared using the same basis of accounting as Boyd County, Kentucky, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the discretely presented component unit of Boyd County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2010, and the changes in financial position, thereof for the year ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In addition, in our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Boyd County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1

The county has not presented the management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by GASB. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the budgetary comparison information. However, we did not audit it and express no opinion on it.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated June 14, 2011 on our consideration of Boyd County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Based on the results of our audit, we present the accompanying comments and recommendations, included herein, which discuss the following report comments:

2010-01	The County Spent \$352,890 That Was Not Shown On Their Financial Reports And Not Approved
	By The Fiscal Court
2010-02	The County Should Bid All Expenditures Over \$20,000
2010-03	Invoices Should Be Paid Within Thirty Working Days
2010-04	Interfund Transfers Of \$3,491,003 Were Not Approved By The County

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

BOYD COUNTY OFFICIALS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

T7*	Court	N / T	1
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riscai	Court	1416111	DCIS.

William C. Stevens County Judge/Executive

David Salisbury Commissioner
Tom Jackson Commissioner

Carl Tolliver Commissioner

Other Elected Officials:

Phillip Hedrick County Attorney

Joe Burchett Jailer

Debbie Jones County Clerk

Linda Baker Circuit Court Clerk

Terry Keelin Sheriff

Charles Adkins Property Valuation Administrator

Christopher Stewart Coroner

Appointed Personnel:

Billie Zellers County Treasurer



BOYD COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

BOYD COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Primary Government							
	Go	vernmental	Busi	ness-Type			Component	
		Activities	A	ctivities		Totals		Unit
ASSETS								
Current Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,965,184	\$	63,833	\$	2,029,017	\$	938,336
Notes Receivable		10,000				10,000		1,711
Accounts Receivable								616,274
Accrued Interest Receivable								318
Total Current Assets		1,975,184		63,833		2,039,017		1,556,639
Noncurrent Assets:								
Notes Receivable		450,000				450,000		39,922
Restricted Cash								81,855
Intangible Assets - Net of Accumulated Deprec	iatio	n						
Depreciation		385,044				385,044		19,790
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated								
Depreciation								
Land and Land Improvements		5,022,169				5,022,169		
Construction In Progress		16,767,703				16,767,703		
Buildings and Building Improvements		7,505,058				7,505,058		
Vehicles and Equipment		1,535,990		9,416		1,545,406		
Transmission Lines and Equipment		14,838,294				14,838,294		6,734,304
Infrastructure		8,199,798				8,199,798		
Total Noncurrent Assets		54,704,056		9,416		54,713,472		6,875,871
Total Assets		56,679,240		73,249		56,752,489		8,432,510
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable								265,558
Accrued Payroll Liabilities								8,140
Accrued Interest Payable								44,689
Lawsuit Settlement Payable								40,000
Bonds Payable		1,180,000				1,180,000		52,000
Financing Obligations Payable		499,711				499,711		7,878
Total Current Liabilities		1,679,711				1,679,711		418,265
Noncurrent Liabilities:								
Lawsuit Settlement Payable								80,000
Bonds Payable		25,265,000				25,265,000		1,919,000
Financing Obligations Payable		17,594,996				17,594,996		147,755
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		42,859,996				42,859,996		2,146,755
Total Liabilities		44,539,707				44,539,707		2,565,020

BOYD COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS June 30, 2010 (Continued)

	P	Primary Government				
	Governmental	Business-Type	_	Component		
	Activities	Activities	Totals	Unit		
NET ASSETS			_			
Invested in Capital Assets,						
Net of Related Debt	\$ 10,164,349	\$ 9,416	\$ 10,173,765	\$ 4,607,671		
Restricted For:						
Capital Projects	674,279		674,279			
Loan Payments				11,166		
Unrestricted	1,300,905	63,833	1,364,738	1,248,653		
Total Net Assets	\$ 12,139,533	\$ 73,249	\$ 12,212,782	\$ 5,867,490		

BOYD COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

BOYD COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

				Program Revenues Received					
Functions/Programs Reporting Entity	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		
Primary Government:									
Governmental Activities:									
General Government	\$	6,832,673	\$	1,339,503	\$	522,033	\$	2,184,197	
Protection to Persons and Property		4,103,933		794,653					
General Health and Sanitation		2,501,148		55,822					
Social Services		10,554							
Recreation and Culture		1,336,853							
Roads		2,947,556		31,160		561,450		979,274	
Airports		15,000							
Transportation Facilities and Services		14,652							
Road Facilities		68,512							
Interest on Long-term Debt		2,145,112							
Capital Projects		2,437,747							
Total Governmental Activities	2	22,413,740		2,221,138		1,083,483		3,163,471	
Business-type Activities:									
Jail Canteen		160,226		165,522					
Total Business-type Activities		160,226		165,522					
Total Primary Government	\$ 2	22,573,966	\$	2,386,660	\$	1,083,483	\$	3,163,471	
Component Units:									
Boyd County Sanitation District No. 4	\$	2,944,391	\$	3,107,983	\$	744,387	\$		

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Real Property Taxes

Personal Property Taxes

Motor Vehicle Taxes

Occupational Taxes

Net Profits Tax

E-911 Tariff

Other Taxes

Excess Fees

Sheriff Fee Pooling

Unrestricted Investment Earnings

Surplus Sales

Reimbursements

Miscellaneous Revenues

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets - Beginning (Restated)

Net Assets - Ending

BOYD COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets

P			
Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals	Component Units
\$ (2,786,940)	\$	\$ (2,786,940)	\$
(3,309,280)	Ф	(3,309,280)	Ф
(2,445,326)		(2,445,326)	
(2,443,320) $(10,554)$		(10,554)	
(1,336,853)		(1,336,853)	
(1,375,672)		(1,375,672)	
(15,000)		(1,375,072) $(15,000)$	
(14,652)		(14,652)	
(68,512)		(68,512)	
(2,145,112)		(2,145,112)	
(2,437,747)			
(2,437,747)		(2,437,747)	
(15,945,648)		(15,945,648)	
	5,296	5,296	
	5,296	5,296	
(15,945,648)	5,296	(15,940,352)	
			907,979
3,085,718		3,085,718	
141,814		141,814	
259,229		259,229	
3,786,842		3,786,842	
602,476		602,476	
1,121,847		1,121,847	
1,208,768		1,208,768	
141,819		141,819	
1,532,135		1,532,135	
41,240		41,240	
181,879		181,879	
429,332		429,332	
1,025,974		1,025,974	
13,559,073		13,559,073	
(2,386,575)	5,296	(2,381,279)	907,979
14,526,108	67,953	14,594,061	4,959,511
\$ 12,139,533	\$ 73,249	\$ 12,212,782	\$ 5,867,490



BOYD COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

BOYD COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	•	General Fund		Road Fund		Jail Fund	Go E	Local vernment conomic sistance Fund]	Revolving Loan Fund
ASSETS										
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	52,394	\$	114,932	\$	6,153	\$	21,435	\$	104,062
Total Assets		52,394	-	114,932		6,153		21,435		104,062
FUND BALANCES										
Reserved for:										
Construction										
Unreserved:										
General Fund		52,394								
Special Revenue Funds				114,932		6,153		21,435		104,062
Debt Service Funds										
Total Fund Balances	\$	52,394	\$	114,932	\$	6,153	\$	21,435	\$	104,062
Total Fund Balances Amounts Reported For Governme Of Net Assets Are Different Bec	ntal A					ement of N	Net As	ssets:	\$	1,965,184
Capital Assets Used in Government		Activities	Are	Not Financ	cial R	esources				
And Therefore Are Not Repor	ted in	the Funds	S.							72,478,770
Accumulated Depreciation										(18,609,758)
Debt Issue Costs Incurred In Go While Amortized Over The Li Loans To, And Payments On Bo	fe Of T chalf C	The Debt A Of Other G	At Thover	ne Governr nmental Ag	nent-V gencie	Wide Leve s Are Exp	el. ensec	d At		385,044
The Fund Level While Reflect	ed As	Receivab	le Fro	om The Ou	tside	Agency A	t The	•		
Government-Wide Level.										460,000
Long-term debt is not due and preported in the funds.	ayabl	e in the cu	ırrent	period and	d, the	refore, is 1	ot			
Financing Obligations										(18,094,707)
Bonds										(26,445,000)
Net Assets Of Governmental Activ	vities								\$	12,139,533

BOYD COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS June 30, 2010 (Continued)

County nergency Fund	Sewer Fund	F	Capital Projects rporation Fund	Go	Total vernmental Funds
\$ 17,784 17,784	\$ 716,930 716,930	\$	931,494 931,494	\$	1,965,184 1,965,184
			674,279		674,279
					52,394
17,784					264,366
	716,930		257,215		974,145
\$ 17,784	\$ 716,930	\$	931,494	\$	1,965,184



BOYD COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

BOYD COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	General Fund	Road Fund	Jail Fund	Local Government Economic Assistance Fund
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 10,841,156	\$	\$	\$
In Lieu Tax Payments	106,759			
Excess Fees	141,819			
Licenses and Permits	4,050			
Intergovernmental	2,081,612	1,174,944	629,616	365,780
Charges for Services	59,816	31,160	164,808	
Miscellaneous	1,443,982	194,051	139,682	
Interest	12,202	649	73	806
Total Revenues	14,691,396	1,400,804	934,179	366,586
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	4,247,802			40,000
Protection to Persons and Property	1,319,304		2,646,695	,
General Health and Sanitation	815,088		,,	
Social Services	,			10,554
Recreation and Culture	1,303,895			10,000
Roads	, ,	3,967,232		10,626
Airports		, ,		15,000
Transportation Facilities and Services	14,652			
Road Facilities		68,512		
Debt Service	69,114	7,370	275,327	
Capital Projects				
Administration	3,186,807	549,111	565,663	
Total Expenditures	10,956,662	4,592,225	3,487,685	86,180
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other				
Financing Sources (Uses)	3,734,734	(3,191,421)	(2,553,506)	280,406
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Financing Obligation Proceeds	340,768	246,021		
Transfers From Other Funds	2,869,913	4,092,197	2,872,072	40,000
Transfers To Other Funds	(8,292,621)	(1,138,228)	(419,711)	(525,138)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(5,081,940)	3,199,990	2,452,361	(485,138)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,347,206)	8,569	(101,145)	(204,732)
Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated)	1,399,600	106,363	107,298	226,167
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 52,394	\$ 114,932	\$ 6,153	\$ 21,435

BOYD COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2010 (Continued)

Revolving Loan Fund	County Emergency Fund	Sewer Fund	Capital Projects Corporation Fund	Total Governmental Funds
d.	ф	Ф	Ф	Ф 10.041.156
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 10,841,156
				106,759
				141,819 4,050
			1,434,197	
			1,434,197	5,686,149 255,784
250		422,243	750,000	2,950,208
2,200	3,740	9,867	11,703	41,240
2,450	3,740	432,110	2,195,900	20,027,165
2,430	3,740	+32,110	2,173,700	20,027,103
341,046				4,628,848
				3,965,999
		334,688		1,149,776
				10,554
				1,313,895
				3,977,858
				15,000
				14,652
				68,512
		1,272,303	2,486,792	4,110,906
			2,419,546	2,419,546
			7,100	4,308,681
341,046		1,606,991	4,913,438	25,984,227
(338,596)	3,740	(1,174,881)	(2,717,538)	(5,957,062)
				586,789
	191,703	1,479,499	1,124,146	12,669,530
(175,000)	(950,000)	(365,000)	(803,832)	(12,669,530)
(175,000)	(758,297)	1,114,499	320,314	586,789
(513,596)	(754,557)	(60,382)	(2,397,224)	(5,370,273)
617,658 \$ 104,062	772,341 \$ 17.784	\$ 777,312	\$ 3,328,718	7,335,457
\$ 104,062	\$ 17,784	\$ 716,930	\$ 931,494	\$ 1,965,184



BOYD COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

BOYD COUNTY

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (5,370,273)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of	
Activities are different because Governmental Funds report	
capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of	
Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their	
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlay	4,290,346
Depreciation Expense	(2,491,118)
Assets disposed of, net book value	(166,334)
Governmental entities report loans made to and payments received from	
other entities as revenues and expenditures, however, in the Statement	
Of Activities those amounts are not recorded because they are a	
reduction of corresponding assets and liabilities.	
Notes Receivable	(10,000)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, financing obligations) provides	
current financial resources to governmental funds, while repayment of principal	
on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of Governmental	
Funds. These transactions, however, have no effect on net assets.	
Debt Issue Costs Amortization	(18,201)
Financing Obligation Proceeds	(586,789)
Financing Obligations Payments	775,000
Bond Payments	1,140,000
Sewer Fund Payment to Sanition District No 1	 50,794
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ (2,386,575)



BOYD COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

${\bf BOYD\ COUNTY}$ ${\bf STATEMENT\ OF\ NET\ ASSETS\ -\ PROPRIETARY\ FUND\ -\ MODIFIED\ CASH\ BASIS}$

	Ac Ent	ness-Type tivities - terprise Fund	
	Jail Canteen Fund		
Assets			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	63,833	
Total Current Assets		63,833	
Noncurrent Assets:			
Capital Assets:			
Vehicles and Equipment		23,540	
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(14,124)	
Total Noncurrent Assets		9,416	
Total Assets		73,249	
Net Assets			
Invested in Capital Assets,			
Net of Related Debt		9,416	
Unrestricted		63,833	
Total Net Assets	\$	73,249	



BOYD COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS -PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

BOYD COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS -PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

Enter Fu	prise ind
Can	ail teen ınd
Operating Revenues	
Canteen Receipts \$ 1	164,847
Total Operating Revenues	164,847
Operating Expenses	101 (20
	101,638
Recreation and Entertainment	44,173
Depreciation	4,708
Total Operating Expenses	150,519
Operating Income (Loss)	14,328
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	
Interest Income	322
Inmate Pay From State	353
Inmate Refunds	(9,707)
Total Nonoperating Revenues	
(Expenses)	(9,032)
Change In Net Assets	5,296
Total Net Assets - Beginning (Restated)	67,953
Total Net Assets - Ending \$	73,249



BOYD COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

${\bf BOYD\ COUNTY}$ ${\bf STATEMENT\ OF\ CASH\ FLOWS\ -\ PROPRIETARY\ FUND\ -\ MODIFIED\ CASH\ BASIS}$

	Act Ent	ness-Type tivities - erprise Fund
	_	Jail anteen Fund
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Receipts From Customers for Sales	\$	164,847
Payments to Vendors		(101,638)
Recreation and Maintenance		(44,173)
Net Cash Provided By		<u> </u>
Operating Activities		19,036
Cash Flows From Noncapital		
Financing Activities		
Inmate Pay From State		353
Inmate Refunds on Accounts		(9,707)
Net Cash Provided By Noncapital		
Financing Activities		(9,354)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities Interest Earned		322
Net Cash Provided By		222
Investing Activities		322
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash		10.004
Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1 (Postated)		10,004
Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1 (Restated)		53,829
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30	\$	63,833
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	_	Jail anteen Fund
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	14,328
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating		,-
Income To Net Cash Provided (Used)		
By Operating Activities		
Depreciation Expense		4,708
Net Cash Provided By Operating		
Activities	\$	19,036

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BOYD COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2010

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Basis of Presentation

The primary government presents its government-wide and fund financial statements in accordance with a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. This modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received and expenditures when paid. Notes receivable are recognized on the Statement of Net Assets, but notes receivable are not included and recognized on Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds. Property tax receivables, accounts payable, compensated absences, and donated assets are not reflected in the financial statements. However, the financial statements of the Boyd County Sanitation District No. 4, a discretely presented component unit, is prepared on the accrual basis, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The financial information of this discretely presented component unit is included in the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities.

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the county to report capital assets and infrastructure; however the value of these assets is included in the Statement of Net Assets and the corresponding depreciation expense is included on the Statement of Activities.

B. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of Boyd County include the funds, agencies, boards, and entities for which the fiscal court is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 14 and GASB 39, was determined on the basis of the government's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. Consequently, the reporting entity includes organizations that are legally separate from the primary government. Legally separate organizations are reported as component units if either the county is financially accountable or the organization's exclusion would cause the county's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units may be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units either provide their services exclusively or almost entirely to the primary government, or their governing bodies are substantively the same as the primary government. All other component units are discretely presented.

Blended Component Units

The following legally separate organizations provide their services exclusively to the primary government, and the fiscal court is able to impose its will on this organization. These organizations' balances and transactions are reported as though they are part of the county's primary government using the blending method.

Boyd County Capital Projects Corporation

The Boyd County Capital Projects Corporation (BCCPC) is a legally separate entity established to provide long-term debt service for the Fiscal Court. The BCCPC's governing body consists entirely of Fiscal Court members. Therefore, management must include the BCCPC as a component unit, and the BCCPC's financial activity has been blended with that of the Fiscal Court.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Reporting Entity (Continued)

Discretely Presented Component Units

The component unit column in the government-wide financial statements includes the data for the Boyd County Sanitation District No. 4. This is reported on the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities in a separate column that is labeled as "Component Unit" to emphasize this organization's separateness from the fiscal court's primary government.

Boyd County Sanitation District No. 4

The Boyd County Fiscal court appoints all of the Boyd County Sanitation District No. 4's (SD4) governing board. As of April 1, 2009, SD4 began operating under an agreement to operate and maintain certain sewer facilities that were previously operated by the Boyd County Fiscal Court. The agreement requires the Boyd County Fiscal Court to subsidize SD4 financially by paying SD4 15% of all sums collected under the tax on wages earned in the county, pursuant to the County's Occupational License Fee. All capital assets necessary for the operation and maintenance of the former Boyd County Sanitary Sewer System are leased to SD4 at the rate of \$1 per year until the debt secured by such assets is satisfied in full. The financial information for SD4 is presented discretely within Boyd County's financial statements.

Audited financial statements for the Sanitation District No. 4 of Boyd County, Kentucky, a discretely presented component unit, may be requested by contacting the Sanitation District No. 4 of Boyd County, Kentucky, 831 State Route 716, Ashland, Kentucky, 41102.

C. Boyd County Elected Officials

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials below from the geographic area constituting Boyd County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These financial statements are not required to be included in the financial statements of Boyd County, Kentucky.

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government–wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its non-fiduciary component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activities has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on sales, fees, and charges for support. Business-type revenues come mostly from fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Fiduciary funds are not included in these financial statements due to the unavailability of fiduciary funds to aid in the support of government programs.

The statement of net assets presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories: 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt - consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets; 2) restricted net assets - resulting from constraints placed on net assets by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; and 3) unrestricted net assets - those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net assets or invested in capital assets.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: I) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Internally dedicated resources such as taxes and unrestricted state funds are reported as general revenues.

Generally and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to sale ninety days following April 15.

Funds are characterized as either major or non-major. Major funds are those whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least ten percent of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities, etc.) for all funds or type (governmental or proprietary) and whose total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. The fiscal court may also designate any fund as major.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the financial statements.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds

The primary government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the fiscal court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Department for Local Government requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary source of revenue for this fund is state payments for truck licenses distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Jail Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the jail expenses of the county. The primary sources of revenue for this fund are reimbursements from the state and federal government, payments from other counties for housing prisoners, and transfers from the General Fund. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Local Government Economic Assistance Fund - These funds may be spent for public safety, environmental protection, public transportation, health, recreation, libraries, social services, as well as industrial and economic development. In no event shall these funds be used for expenses relating to administration of government. The Department for Local Government requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Revolving Loan Fund - This fund is used to account for resources employed for economic development and stimulating the local economy through capital outlay and other programs.

County Emergency Fund - This fund is used to account for funds set aside by the fiscal court for unforeseen emergencies.

Sewer Fund - This fund accounts for construction grants received for the construction of additional sewer lines and the debt service payments on debt incurred for the construction of sewer lines. The sewer system is now maintained and operated by the Boyd County Sanitation District No. 4 in Boyd County.

Capital Projects Corporation Fund - This fund accounts for the financing and construction of major capital facilities. This fund is involved with the jail expansion project, the road department building, the jail/pedway project, and the new justice center project.

Special Revenue Funds:

The Road Fund, Jail Fund, Local Government Economic Assistance Fund, Revolving Loan, and County Emergency Fund are presented as special revenue funds. Special revenue funds are to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources and expenditures that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Governmental Funds (Continued)

Debt Service Funds:

The Sewer Fund and Capital Projects Corporation Fund are presented as debt service funds. Debt service funds are to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The principal operating revenues of the county's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales in the Jail Canteen Fund. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets.

The primary government reports the following major proprietary fund:

Jail Canteen Fund - The canteen operations are authorized pursuant to KRS 441.135(1), which allows the jailer to sell snacks, sodas, and other items to inmates. The profits generated from the sale of those items are to be used for the benefit or recreation of the inmates. KRS 441.135(2) requires the jailer to maintain accounting records and report annually to the county treasurer the receipts and disbursements of the Jail Canteen Fund.

Presentation of Component Units

The financial statements present the following major discretely presented component unit: Boyd County Sanitation District No. 4.

This component unit is presented on the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities in a separate column that is labeled as "Component Unit" to emphasize this organization's separateness from the fiscal court's primary government.

E. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

Cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Land and Construction In Progress are not depreciated. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized. Capital assets and infrastructure are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful life of the asset.

	Cap	oitalization	Useful Life
	T	Threshold (Year	
		_	
Land Improvements	\$	12,500	10-60
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$	25,000	10-75
Machinery and Equipment	\$	2,500	3-25
Vehicles	\$	2,500	3-25
Infrastructure	\$	20,000	10-50

G. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable financial statements. The principal amount of bonds, notes and financing obligations are reported.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as expenditures. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures. Debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

H. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into reserved and unreserved components, with unreserved considered available for new spending. Unreserved fund balances may be divided into designated and undesignated portions. Designations represent fiscal court's intended use of the resources and should reflect actual plans approved by the fiscal court.

Governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose, long-term receivables, and encumbrances.

"Reserved for Encumbrances" are purchase orders that will be fulfilled in a subsequent fiscal period. Although the purchase order or contract creates a legal commitment, the fiscal court incurs no liability until performance has occurred on the part of the party with whom the fiscal court has entered into the arrangement. When a government intends to honor outstanding commitments in subsequent periods, such amounts are encumbered. Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however, encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance.

I. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

J. Jointly Governed Organizations

A jointly governed organization is an entity that results from a multi-governmental arrangement that is governed by representatives from each participating government. The entity provides services to the citizens of each participating government, but there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. The Northeast Kentucky Regional Industrial Park Authority meets the criteria noted above and is disclosed as an organization jointly governed by the Kentucky counties of Boyd, Carter, Elliott, Greenup and Lawrence. The Boyd/Greenup Riverport Authority also meets the criteria noted above and is disclosed as an organization jointly governed by the Kentucky counties of Boyd and Greenup. In addition, the 911 Board (Regional Public Safety Communication Center) and the Airport Board meet the above criteria. The 911 Board is jointly governed by Boyd County and the cities of Ashland and Catlettsburg. The Airport Board is jointly governed by Boyd County and the city of Ashland. Separately issued financial statements can be obtained from the respective authorities.

Note 2. Deposits

The primary government maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(D). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the county and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240 (4). As of June 30, 2010, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2010 was as follows:

	Reporting Entity						
	Beginning	-	-				
	Balance			Ending			
Primary Government:	(Restated)	Increases	Decreases	Balance			
Governmental Activities:							
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:							
Land and Land Improvements	\$ 4,462,155	\$ 560,014	\$	\$ 5,022,169			
Construction In Progress	15,066,358	1,701,345	*	16,767,703			
Total Capital Assets Not Being	12,000,220	1,701,313		10,707,703			
Depreciated Depreciated	19,528,513	2,261,359		21,789,872			
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:							
Buildings and Building Improvements	10,268,062			10,268,062			
Vehicles and Equipment	3,119,233	564,345	(232,946)	3,450,632			
Transmission Lines and Equipment	26,693,997	2 2 1,2 12	(,)	26,693,997			
Infrastructure	8,811,565	1,464,642		10,276,207			
Total Capital Assets Being							
Depreciated	48,892,857	2,028,987	(232,946)	50,688,898			
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:							
Buildings and Building Improvements	(2,528,479)	(234,525)		(2,763,004)			
Vehicles and Equipment	(1,578,797)	(402,457)	66,612	(1,914,642)			
Transmission Lines and Equipment	(10,515,377)	(1,340,326)		(11,855,703)			
Infrastructure	(1,562,599)	(513,810)		(2,076,409)			
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(16,185,252)	(2,491,118)	66,612	(18,609,758)			
Total Capital Assets, Being	(10,103,232)	(2, 171,110)		(10,002,730)			
Depreciated, Net	32,707,605	(462,131)	(166,334)	32,079,140			
Governmental Activities Capital		(:=-,01)	(===,===:)				
Assets, Net	\$ 52,236,118	\$ 1,799,228	\$ (166,334)	\$ 53,869,012			

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:		
General Government	\$	146,503
Protection to Persons and Property		210,001
General Health and Sanitation		1,351,372
Recreation and Culture		35,747
Roads, Including Depreciation of General Infrastructure Assets		747,495
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	Φ	2,491,118
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	Ψ	۷,491,110

Note 3. Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital asset activity for Business-Type Activities for the year ended June 30, 2010 was as follows:

	Reporting Entity						
	В	eginning					_
	F	Balance					Ending
	(R	Restated)	In	creases	Decreases]	Balance
Business-Type Activities:							
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:							
Vehicles and Equipment	\$	23,540	\$		\$	\$	23,540
Total Capital Assets Being							
Depreciated		23,540					23,540
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:							
Vehicles and Equipment		(9,416)		(4,708)			(14,124)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(9,416)		(4,708)			(14,124)
Total Capital Assets, Being							
Depreciated, Net		14,124		(4,708)			9,416
Business-Type Activities Capital							
Assets, Net	\$	14,124	\$	(4,708)	\$ 0	\$	9,416

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the Business-Type Activities as follows:

Business-Type Activities:	
Jail Canteen	\$ 4,708
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$ 4,708

Note 4. Receivables

On January 12, 2006, Boyd County Fiscal Court entered into a lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program (KACo) on behalf of the Boyd/Greenup Riverport Authority (Riverport Authority). Lease proceeds of \$500,000 were paid directly to the Riverport Authority. The Riverport Authority makes scheduled lease payments directly to KACo. A receivable due from the Riverport Authority in the amount of the lease principal outstanding is included on the financial statements. The repayment schedule for the Riverport Authority is identical to the repayment schedule for the lease. As of June 30, 2010, the amount of the receivable was \$460,000. The receivable amount corresponds to the KACo Lease – Boyd/Greenup Riverport Authority outstanding as o June 30, 2010. (See Note 5.C)

Note 5. Long-term Debt

A. KADD Financing Obligation - County Detention Center

On May 16, 2002, Boyd County entered into a financing obligation agreement with the Kentucky Area Development District Financing Trust (KADD) to finance the expansion of the county detention center. The agreement was for \$500,000 at an average interest rate of 5.04%. The agreement had a term of 20 years with a maturity date of May 20, 2022. On June 1, 2010 this agreement was paid in full.

Note 5. Long-term Debt (Continued)

B. KADD Financing Obligation – County Detention Center

On June 20, 2002, Boyd County entered into a financing obligation agreement with the Kentucky Area Development District Financing Trust (KADD) for additional financing for the detention center project. The agreement was for \$2,165,000 at an average interest rate of 5.25%. The agreement has a term of 30 years with a maturity date of November 20, 2032. Payments are due semi-annually on May 20th and November 20th of each year. The amount outstanding under this agreement was \$1,890,000 at June 30, 2010. Payments for the remaining years are as follows:

	Governmental Activities				
Fiscal Year Ended				_	
June 30	F	Principal		Interest	
2011	\$	45,000	\$	97,938	
2012		45,000		96,038	
2013		50,000		93,995	
2014		50,000		91,770	
2015		55,000		89,355	
2016-2020		315,000		403,734	
2021-2025		405,000		310,586	
2026-2030		530,000		186,612	
2031-2033		395,000		34,663	
Totals	\$	1,890,000	\$	1,404,691	

C. KACO Financing Obligation – Boyd/Greenup Riverport Authority

On January 12, 2006, Boyd County entered into a financing obligation agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties on behalf of the Boyd/Greenup Riverport Authority. The agreement was for \$500,000 with a variable interest rate. The agreement has a term of 28 years with a maturity date of July 20, 2033. Interest payments are due monthly with one principal payment due on July 20th of each year. The amount outstanding under this agreement was \$460,000 at June 30, 2010. Payments for the remaining years are as follows:

	Governmental Activities				
Fiscal Year Ended				_	
June 30	F	Principal	Interest		
		_			
2011	\$	10,000	\$	18,980	
2012		10,000		18,923	
2013		10,000		18,492	
2014		10,000		18,071	
2015		10,000		17,641	
2016-2020		70,000		79,894	
2021-2025		90,000		62,885	
2026-2030		125,000		39,826	
2031-2034		125,000		9,473	
Totals	\$	460,000	\$	284,185	

Note 5. Long-term Debt (Continued)

D. General Obligation Bonds – Series 2004

On May 28, 2004, the Boyd County Capital Projects Corporation issued general obligation refunding and improvement bonds, series 2004 in the amount of \$3,755,000. The proceeds of this issue were used to finance various projects including the detention center, vehicle maintenance, and transportation facility projects. The bonds were issued at variable interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 4.7% with a retirement date of March 1, 2024. Annual principal payments are due on March 1st of each year and semi-annual interest payments are due on March 1st and September 1st of each year. The outstanding bond principal at June 30, 2010 was \$1,790,000. Bond payments for the remaining years are as follows:

	Governmental Activities				
Fiscal Year Ended					
June 30	I	Principal	Interest		
2011	\$	350,000	\$	69,668	
2012		370,000		58,468	
2013		70,000		45,980	
2014		75,000		43,356	
2015		80,000		40,542	
2016-2020		430,000		152,338	
2021-2024		415,000		49,848	
Totals	\$	1,790,000	\$	460,200	

E. General Obligation Bonds – Series 2005

On March 1, 2005, the Boyd County Capital Projects Corporation issued general obligation public project improvement bonds, series 2005 in the amount of \$3,500,000. The proceeds of this issue were used to finance the completion of the detention center and transportation facilities projects. The bonds were issued with an average interest rate of 5.0% with a retirement date of March 1, 2035. Annual principal payments are due on March 1st of each year and semi-annual interest payments are due on March 1st and September 1st of each year. The outstanding bond principal at June 30, 2010 was \$3,230,000. Bond payments for the remaining years are as follows:

	Governmental Activities					
Fiscal Year Ended						
June 30	P	rincipal	I	nterest		
2011	\$	75,000	\$	160,065		
2012		80,000		157,065		
2013		80,000		153,545		
2014		85,000		150,025		
2015		90,000		146,115		
2016-2020		480,000		663,875		
2021-2025		610,000		532,125		
2026-2030		755,000		365,625		
2031-2035		975,000		154,275		
Totals	\$:	3,230,000	\$ 2	2,482,715		

Note 5. Long-term Debt (Continued)

F. KADD Financing Obligation – County Detention Center

On July 17, 2006, Boyd County entered into a financing obligation agreement with the Kentucky Area Development District (KADD) for additional financing for the completion of the jail and prisoner pedway project. The agreement was for \$2,000,000 at an average interest rate of 5.05%. The agreement has a term of 30 years with a maturity of May 1, 2036. Payments are due semi-annually on November 1st and May 1st of each year. The amount outstanding under this agreement was \$1,845,000 as of June 30, 2010. Payments for the remaining years are as follows:

	Governmental Activities						
Fiscal Year Ended							
June 30	P	rincipal		Interest			
2011	\$	35,000	\$	94,180			
2012		40,000		93,588			
2013		40,000		90,768			
2014		40,000		88,948			
2015		45,000		87,048			
2016-2020		255,000		401,053			
2021-2025		325,000		330,790			
2026-2030		415,000		238,198			
2031-2035		525,000		119,327			
2036		125,000		6,813			
			-	_			
Totals	\$	1,845,000	\$	1,550,713			

G. First Mortgage Revenue Bonds Series 2007- Justice Center

On July 1, 2007, the Boyd County Capital Projects Corporation issued first mortgage revenue bonds to provide funding for the construction of the Boyd County Judicial Center. The total bond issue was in the amount of \$18,855,000, with interest rates varying between 4.125% and 4.625%. Interest is payable on February 1 and August 1 of each year. At the date of sale, there was \$38,706 in accrued interest that was remitted to the Public Properties Corporation along with the bond proceeds. Funding of the debt service is provided by a lease arrangement with the Commonwealth of Kentucky Administrative Office of the Courts. Bonds outstanding as of June 20, 2010 were \$17,565,000. Debt service requirements are as follows:

	Governmental Activities					
Fiscal Year Ended						
June 30	Principal	Interest				
2011	\$ 680,000	\$ 754,925				
2012	710,000	726,256				
2013	735,000	696,453				
2014	760,000	665,619				
2015	790,000	633,650				
2016-2020	4,460,000	2,631,819				
2021-2025	5,500,000	1,551,478				
2026-2028	3,930,000	284,912				
Totals	\$ 17,565,000	\$ 7,945,112				

Note 5. Long-term Debt (Continued)

H. KACo Financing Obligation – Mack Trucks

On December 15, 2008, Boyd County borrowed \$207,918 under a financing obligation agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust to finance the purchase of two trucks for the road department. The agreement has a variable interest rate and has a maturity date of December 20, 2013. The outstanding principal at June 30, 2010 was \$207,918. Payments for the remaining years are as follows:

	Governmental Activites					
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	F	Principal	Interest			
2011	\$	45,000	\$	7,889		
2012		50,000		6,057		
2013		55,000		3,852		
2014		57,918		1,352		
Totals	\$	207,918	\$	19,150		

I. Daimler Truck Financial – Sterling Trucks

On December 22, 2009, Boyd County borrowed \$246,021 under a financing obligation agreement with Daimler Truck Financial to finance the purchase of two trucks for the road department. The agreement carries an interest rate of 4.79% and has a maturity date of December 22, 2014. The outstanding principal at June 30, 2010 was \$246,021. Payments for the remaining years are as follows:

	Governmental Activites						
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	F	Principal	Interest				
2011	\$	44,711	\$	11,782			
2012		46,853		9,641			
2013		49,097		7,397			
2014		51,448		5,046			
2015		53,912		2,582			
Totals	\$	246,021	\$	36,448			

Note 5. Long-term Debt (Continued)

J. KADD Agreement - Sewer Line Extension

On August 13, 2003, Boyd County entered into a financing obligation agreement with the Kentucky Area Development District Financing Trust (KADD) to finance the county's sewer line extension project. The agreement was for \$8,925,000 at an average interest rate of 5.48%. The agreement has a term of 30 years with a maturity date of April 20, 2033. Annual principal payments are due on April 20th of each year and semi-annual interest payments are due on April 20th and October 20th of each year. The outstanding principal at June 30, 2010 was \$7,745,000. Payments for the remaining years are as follows:

	Governmental Activites					
Fiscal Year Ended						
June 30	F	Principal		Interest		
2011	\$	190,000	\$	419,823		
2012		195,000		412,223		
2013		205,000		404,228		
2014		215,000		395,618		
2015		225,000		386,265		
2016-2020		1,290,000		1,755,735		
2021-2025		1,660,000		1,370,340		
2026-2030		2,160,000		848,803		
2031-2033		1,605,000		189,525		
Totals	\$	7,745,000	\$	6,182,560		

K. KADD Agreement – Sewer Line Extension

On August 5, 2004, Boyd County entered into a second financing obligation agreement with the Kentucky Area Development District Financing Trust (KADD) for additional financing of the county's sewer line extension project. The agreement was for \$490,000 at an average interest rate of 5.06%. The agreement has a term of 20 years with a maturity date of August 20, 2024. Annual principal payments are due on August 20th of each year and semi-annual interest payments are due on February 20th and August 20th of each year. The outstanding principal at June 30, 2010 was \$410,000. Payments for the remaining years are as follows:

	Governmental Activites					
Fiscal Year Ended						
June 30	F	Principal]	Interest		
2011	\$	20,000	\$	21,645		
2012		20,000		20,695		
2013		20,000		19,745		
2014		20,000		18,795		
2015		25,000		17,720		
2016-2020		135,000		68,365		
2021-2025		170,000		27,013		
Totals	\$	410,000	\$	193,978		

Note 5. Long-term Debt (Continued)

L. KADD Agreement – Sewer Line Extension

On May 12, 2005, Boyd County entered into a third financing obligation agreement with the Kentucky Area Development District Financing Trust (KADD) for additional financing of the county's sewer line extension project. The agreement was for \$5,000,000 at an average interest rate of 5.15%. The agreement has a term of 30 years with a maturity date of June 1, 2035. Annual principal payments are due on June 1st of each year and semi-annual interest payments are due on June 1st and December 1st of each year. The outstanding principal at June 30, 2010 was \$4,635,000. Payments for the remaining years are as follows:

	Governmental Activites					
Fiscal Year Ended						
June 30	F	Principal]	Interest		
2011	\$	100,000	\$	238,133		
2012		105,000		233,983		
2013		110,000		229,520		
2014		115,000		224,625		
2015		120,000		219,508		
2016-2020		680,000		1,005,188		
2021-2025		865,000		814,420		
2026-2030		1,110,000		565,888		
2031-2035		1,430,000		239,505		
Totals	\$	4,635,000	\$	3,770,770		

M. KADD Agreement - Sewer Line Extension

On June 10, 2005, Boyd County entered into a fourth financing obligation agreement with the Kentucky Area Development District Financing Trust (KADD) for additional financing of the county's sewer line extension project. This agreement also refinanced an existing KADD agreement from 1997. The agreement was for \$365,000 at an average interest rate of 5.24%. The agreement has a term of 23 years with a maturity date of June 1, 2028. Annual principal payments are due on June 1st of each year and semi-annual interest payments are due on June 1st and December 1st of each year. The outstanding principal at June 30, 2010 was \$315,000. Payments for the remaining years are as follows:

	Governmental Activites					
Fiscal Year Ended						
June 30	F	Principal]	Interest		
2011	\$	10,000	\$	16,993		
2012		10,000		16,537		
2013		10,000		16,083		
2014		10,000		15,628		
2015		15,000		15,171		
2016-2020		75,000		64,419		
2021-2025		105,000		41,614		
2026-2028		80,000		10,390		
Totals	\$	315,000	\$	196,835		

Note 5. Long-term Debt (Continued)

N. General Obligation Bonds – Series 2006

On December 29, 2006, the Boyd County Capital Projects Corporation issued general obligation public improvement bonds, series 2006 in the amount of \$4,000,000. The proceeds of this issue were used to finance the costs of the acquisition, construction, installation and equipping of improvements to the county sewer system. The bonds were issued with an average interest rate of 4.5% with a retirement date of December 1, 2036. Annual principal payments are due on March 1st of each year and semi-annual interest payments are due on June 1st and December 1st of each year. The outstanding bond principal at June 30, 2010 was \$3,860,000. Bond payments for the remaining years are as follows:

	Governmental Activites					
Fiscal Year Ended						
June 30	I	Principal		Interest		
2011	\$	75,000	\$	180,926		
2012		75,000		177,888		
2013		80,000		174,710		
2014		85,000		171,285		
2015		85,000		167,715		
2016-2020		500,000		777,478		
2021-2025		635,000		648,563		
2026-2030		810,000		477,903		
2031-2035		1,025,000		257,628		
2036-2037		490,000		25,755		
Totals	\$	3,860,000	\$	3,059,851		

O. Financing Obligation – Town Square Bank

On March 5, 2010, the Boyd County Fiscal Court entered into a financing obligation with Town Square Bank in the amount of \$350,000 as a line-of-credit. As of June 30, 2010, the county received \$341,268 from Town Square Bank that was used for baseball field renovations. The agreement has a variable interest rate, with a current rate of 4.0%. Annual interest payments begin March 5, 2011 and all outstanding principal plus accrued unpaid interest is payable on August 5, 2015. The outstanding principal as of June 30, 2010 was \$340,768. Payments for the remaining years are as follows:

	Governmental Activites					
Fiscal Year Ended						
June 30	F	Principal	I	nterest		
2011	\$		\$	12,022		
2012				13,650		
2013				13,650		
2014				13,650		
2015				13,650		
2016		340,768		13,650		
Totals	\$	340,768	\$	80,272		

Note 5. Long-term Debt (Continued)

P. Changes In Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2010, was as follows:

	Beginning								
	Balance						Ending	D	ue Within
	(Restated)	Α	dditions	Reductions		Balance		One Year	
Primary Government:									
Governmental Activities:									
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 27,585,000	\$		\$	1,140,000	\$	26,445,000	\$	1,180,000
Financing Obligations	18,282,918		586,789		775,000		18,094,707		499,711
Governmental Activities	Φ 45 065 010	Ф	50 C 700	Ф	1 015 000	Ф	44.520.505	Ф	1 (70 711
Long-term Liabilities	\$ 45,867,918		586,789		1,915,000	\$	44,539,707	<u>\$</u>	1,679,711

Note 6. Employee Retirement System

The fiscal court has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute.

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute 6 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 16.16 percent.

Hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their salary to the plan. Hazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute 9 percent of their salary to be allocated as follows: 8% will go to the member's account and 1% will go to the KRS insurance fund. The county's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 32.97 percent.

The county's contribution for FY 2008 was \$806,331, FY 2009 was \$770,545, and FY 2010 was \$1,017,117.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 must met the rule of 87 (members age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55. For hazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 aspects of benefits include retirement after 25 years of service or the member is age 60, with a minimum of 60 months of service credit.

Note 6. Employee Retirement System (Continued)

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

Note 7. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, Boyd County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

Note 8. Annexation of Boyd County Sanitary Sewer System

On April 1, 2009, Boyd County transferred operations of the rural Boyd County Sanitary Sewer System to Boyd County Sanitation District No. 4 (SD4). SD4 assumed responsibilities for customer billings, maintenance, repair, and utilization of the system. Boyd County retained ownership of sewer facilities, property and equipment, and also maintained responsibility for all existing sewer related debt.

A contract, pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act (KRS 65.210 to KRS 65.300), was signed in January 2010, which formally annexed the territorial boundary area of the rural Boyd County Sanitary Sewer System to SD4. The contract transferred all sewer facilities, property and related equipment from Boyd County to SD4, except for those items that are encumbered by debt. Encumbered assets are leased to SD4 at the rate of \$1 per year until such time as the debt secured by such assets is satisfied in full, at which time the assets will also be transferred to SD4.

Note 9. Subsequent Events

- A. On July 23, 2010, the Boyd County Fiscal Court issued 2010 Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes in the amount of \$2,400,000. The purpose of the notes is to meet current expenses and they mature on June 30, 2011.
- B. On July 2, 2010, the Boyd County Fiscal Court entered into a lease agreement with The Huntington National Bank in the amount of \$2,000,000 for repairs and renovation of the courthouse. The agreement has an interest rate of 3.7% and a term of 10 years with a maturity date of June 20, 2020. In March 2011, the Boyd County Fiscal Court issued General Obligation Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2011, in the amount of \$2,700,000 in pay The Huntington National Bank in full, with the remaining funds to be used to complete the repairs and renovation of the courthouse.

Note 10. Prior Period Adjustments

A. Governmental Activities

The Sewer Fund was shown in the prior year audit report as a business-type activity. The table below includes the adjustments necessary to report the Sewer Fund in governmental activities, since the Sewer Fund no longer operates the sewer system. The sewer system is now maintained and operated by the Boyd County Sanitation District No. 4 in Boyd County.

	Governmental Activities	General Fund		Road Fund		Jail Fund
Beginning Balance	\$ 14,435,533	\$	1,394,668	\$	74,123	\$ 107,298
Adjustments:						
Prior Year Voided Checks	5,976		4,932		484	
Prior Year Misstatement	(24,302)				31,756	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	829,448					
Debt Issue Costs	249,171					
Liabilities-						
Due Sanitation District No. 1	(50,794)					
Financing Obligations	(13,415,000)					
Bonds Payable	(3,930,000)					
Capital Assets-						
Land and Land Improvements	230,074					
Buildings and Building Improvements	16,263					
Vehicles and Equipment	76,760					
Transmission Lines and Equipment	26,693,997					
Accumulated Depreciation-						
Buildings and Building Improvements	(7,724)					
Vehicles and Equipment	(67,917)					
Transmission Lines and Equipment	(10,515,377)					
Restated Beginning Balance	\$ 14,526,108	\$	1,399,600	\$	106,363	\$ 107,298

Note 10. Prior Period Adjustments (Continued)

A. Governmental Activities (Continued)

LGEA Fund	Revolving Loan Fund	Sewer Fund	Capital Projects Corporation Fund	County Emergency Fund
\$ 225,607	\$ 617,658	\$	\$ 3,332,640	\$ 772,341
560		(52,136) 829,448	(3,922)	

\$ 226,167	\$ 617,658	\$ 777,312	\$ 3,328,718	\$ 772,341

Note 10. Prior Period Adjustments (Continued)

B. Business-Type Activities

		ness-Type ctivities		Sewer Fund	Jail Canteen Fund		
Beginning Balance	\$	175,022	\$	108,902	\$	66,120	
Adjustments:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents		(827,615)		(829,448)		1,833	
Debt Issue Costs		(249,171)		(249,171)			
Prior Year Voided Checks							
Prior Year Misstatement							
Receivable Not Reported							
In Prior Year							
Liabilities-							
Due Sanitation District No. 1		50,794		50,794			
Financing Obligations	1	3,415,000		13,415,000			
Bonds Payable		3,930,000		3,930,000			
Capital Assets-							
Land and Land Improvements		(230,074)		(230,074)			
Buildings and Building Improvements		(16,263)		(16,263)			
Transmission Lines and Equipment	(2	(6,770,758)	(2	26,770,758)			
Accumulated Depreciation-							
Buildings and Building Improvements		7,724		7,724			
Transmission Lines and Equipment	1	0,583,294		10,583,294			
Restated Beginning Balance	\$	67,953	\$		\$	67,953	

BOYD COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

BOYD COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

	GENERAL FUND									
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget Positive						
	Original	Final	Basis)	(Negative)						
REVENUES										
Taxes	\$ 11,841,514	\$ 11,841,514	\$ 10,841,156	\$ (1,000,358)						
In Lieu Tax Payments			106,759	106,759						
Excess Fees	150,000	150,000	141,819	(8,181)						
Licenses and Permits	117,100	117,100	4,050	(113,050)						
Intergovernmental Revenue	2,846,548	3,541,234	2,081,612	(1,459,622)						
Charges for Services	130,000	130,000	59,816	(70,184)						
Miscellaneous	173,800	961,468	1,443,982	482,514						
Interest	15,000	15,000	12,202	(2,798)						
Total Revenues	15,273,962	16,756,316	14,691,396	(2,064,920)						
EXPENDITURES										
General Government	3,982,016	4,450,384	4,247,802	202,582						
Protection to Persons and Property	1,137,179	1,188,685	1,319,304	(130,619)						
General Health and Sanitation	450,100	663,559	815,088	(151,529)						
Recreation and Culture	1,574,553	1,712,253	1,303,895	408,358						
Transportation Facilities and Services	, ,	,- ,	14,652	(14,652)						
Debt Service	118,006	93,006	69,114	23,892						
Administration	2,014,504	2,649,237	3,186,807	(537,570)						
Total Expenditures	9,276,358	10,757,124	10,956,662	(199,538)						
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)	5,997,604	5,999,192	3,734,734	(2,264,458)						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Financing Obligation Proceeds			340,768	340,768						
Transfers From Other Funds			2,869,913	2,869,913						
Transfers To Other Funds	(7,340,030)	(7,340,030)	(8,292,621)	(952,591)						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(7,340,030)	(7,340,030)	(5,081,940)	2,258,090						
Net Changes in Fund Balance	(1,342,426)	(1,340,838)	(1,347,206)	(6,368)						
Fund Balance - Beginning	1,342,426	1,364,565	1,399,600	35,035						
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$ 23,727	\$ 52,394	\$ 28,667						

	ROAD FUND									
		Budgeted Original	ounts Final		Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
REVENUES		<u> </u>								
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	1,244,403	\$	1,244,403	\$	1,174,944	\$	(69,459)		
Charges for Services		7,000		7,000		31,160		24,160		
Miscellaneous		16,000		16,000		194,051		178,051		
Interest		3,000		3,000		649		(2,351)		
Total Revenues		1,270,403		1,270,403		1,400,804		130,401		
EXPENDITURES										
Roads		4,336,184		4,329,465		3,967,232		362,233		
Road Facilities		200,000		200,000		68,512		131,488		
Debt Service		149,024		159,281		7,370		151,911		
Administration		600,809		598,209		549,111		49,098		
Total Expenditures		5,286,017		5,286,955		4,592,225		694,730		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other										
Financing Sources (Uses)		(4,015,614)		(4,016,552)		(3,191,421)		825,131		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Borrowed Money						246,021		246,021		
Transfers From Other Funds		3,544,711		3,552,369		4,092,197		539,828		
Transfers To Other Funds						(1,138,228)		(1,138,228)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		3,544,711		3,552,369		3,199,990		(352,379)		
Net Changes in Fund Balance		(470,903)		(464,183)		8,569		472,752		
Fund Balance - Beginning		470,903		470,903		106,363		(364,540)		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	6,720	\$	114,932	\$	108,212		

JAIL FUND Actual Variance with Amounts, Final Budget (Budgetary Positive **Budgeted Amounts** Original Final Basis) (Negative) REVENUES Intergovernmental Revenue 1,390,200 1,390,200 629,616 \$ (760,584)164,808 Charges for Services 117,000 117,000 47,808 Miscellaneous 110,240 110,240 139,682 29,442 Interest 500 500 73 (427)1,617,940 934,179 **Total Revenues** 1,617,940 (683,761) **EXPENDITURES** Protection to Persons and Property 2,530,593 2,530,593 2,646,695 (116,102)501,047 Debt Service 776,374 776,374 275,327 Administration 756,292 756,292 190,629 565,663 **Total Expenditures** 4,063,259 4,063,259 3,487,685 575,574 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over **Expenditures Before Other** Financing Sources (Uses) (2,445,319)(2,445,319)(2,553,506)(108,187)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers From Other Funds 2,445,319 2,445,319 2,872,072 426,753 Transfers To Other Funds (419,711)419,711 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) 2,445,319 2,445,319 2,452,361 846,464 Net Changes in Fund Balance (101,145)(101,145)Fund Balance - Beginning 107,298 107,298 6,153 Fund Balance - Ending \$ 0 \$ 6,153

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE FUND

	Budgeted Original	Amo	ounts Final	A (B	Actual mounts, udgetary Basis)	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive Vegative)
REVENUES					2		22 - 22
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 332,000	\$	332,000	\$	365,780	\$	33,780
Miscellaneous	185,000		185,000		004		(185,000)
Interest	 3,000		3,000		806		(2,194)
Total Revenues	 520,000		520,000	-	366,586		(153,414)
EXPENDITURES							
General Government			40,000		40,000		
Social Services	21,000		45,000		10,554		34,446
Recreation and Culture	10,000		10,000		10,000		
Roads	644,300		620,300		10,626		609,674
Airports	10,000		10,000		15,000		(5,000)
Debt Service	 205,000		205,000				205,000
Total Expenditures	 890,300		930,300		86,180		844,120
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(370,300)		(410,300)		280,406		690,706
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers From Other Funds Transfers To Other Funds			40,000		40,000 (525,138)		(525,138)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 		40,000	-	(485,138)		(525,138)
-	 						
Net Changes in Fund Balances	(370,300)		(370,300)		(204,732)		165,568
Fund Balances - Beginning	 370,300		370,300		226,167		(144,133)
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	21,435	\$	21,435

	Budgeted	Amo			Actual mounts,		ance with
				,	idgetary	P	ositive
	Original		Final		Basis)	(Negative)	
\$		\$		\$	250	\$	250
Ψ	3,000	Ψ	3,000	Ψ		Ψ	(800)
	3,000		3,000		2,450		(550)
	622,000		622,000		341,046		280,954
	622,000		622,000		341,046		280,954
	(619,000)		(619,000)		(338,596)		280,404
					(175,000)		(175,000)
					(175,000)		(175,000)
	(619,000) 619,000		(619,000) 619,000		(513,596) 617,658		105,404 (1,342)
<u> </u>	0	\$		\$		<u> </u>	104,062
	\$	\$ 3,000 3,000 622,000 622,000 (619,000) (619,000)	\$ 3,000 3,000 622,000 622,000 (619,000) (619,000) 619,000	\$ 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 622,000 622,000 622,000 622,000 (619,000) (619,000) (619,000) (619,000)	\$ 3,000 3,000 3,000 3,000 622,000 622,000 622,000 622,000 (619,000) (619,000) (619,000) (619,000)	\$ 3,000 3,000 2,200 3,000 3,000 2,450 622,000 622,000 341,046 622,000 622,000 341,046 (619,000) (619,000) (338,596) (619,000) (619,000) (513,596) 619,000 619,000 617,658	\$ 3,000 \$ 3,000 \$ 2,200 \$ 3,000 \$ 2,450 \$ 622,000 \$ 622,000 \$ 341,046 \$ 622,000 \$ 622,000 \$ 341,046 \$ 622,000 \$ (619,000) \$ (338,596) \$ (619,000) \$ (619,000) \$ (513,596) \$ 619,000 \$ 619,000 \$ 617,658 \$ \$ (617,658)

	COUNTY EMERGENCY FUND									
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			A (B	Actual mounts, udgetary Basis)	Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive Jegative)			
REVENUES		Original		Tillal		Dasis)		legative)		
Interest	\$	3,000	\$	3,000	\$	3,740	\$	740		
Total Revenues		3,000		3,000		3,740		740		
EXPENDITURES										
Debt Service		879,368		879,368				879,368		
Total Expenditures		879,368		879,368				879,368		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(876,368)		(876,368)		3,740		880,108		
Financing Sources (Oses)		(870,308)		(870,308)		3,740		000,100		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers From Other Funds		150,000		150,000		191,703		41,703		
Transfers To Other Funds						(950,000)		(950,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		150,000		150,000		(758,297)		(908,297)		
Net Changes in Fund Balances		(726,368)		(726,368)		(754,557)		(28,189)		
Fund Balances - Beginning		726,368		726,368		772,341		45,973		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	17,784	\$	17,784		

BOYD COUNTY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2010

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

The Honorable William C. Stevens, Boyd County Judge/Executive Members of the Boyd County Fiscal Court

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, and each major fund of Boyd County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents and have issued our report thereon dated June 14, 2011, wherein we issued a qualified opinion on the discretely presented component unit and made reference to the report of other auditors. Boyd County presents its financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Other auditors audited the financial statements of the Boyd County Sanitation District No. 4 as described in our report on Boyd County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditor's testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Boyd County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Boyd County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Boyd County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.



Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Boyd County's financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and which are described in the accompanying comments and recommendation as items 2010-01, 2010-02, 2010-03, and 2010-04.

The Boyd County Judge/Executive's responses to the findings identified in our audit are included in the comments and recommendations. We did not audit the County Judge/Executive's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, others within the entity, and the Department for Local Government and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

June 14, 2011

BOYD COUNTY COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2010

BOYD COUNTY COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

2010-01 The County Spent \$352,890 That Was Not Shown On Their Financial Reports And Not Approved By The Fiscal Court

Boyd County Fiscal Court spent \$352,890 on baseball field renovations that was not reported on their quarterly financial reports submitted to the Department for Local Government. In addition, these expenditures were not approved by the fiscal court. The County Budget Preparation and State Local Finance Officer Policy Manual requires all county money to be reported on the financial statement whether it is included in the budget or not, pursuant to KRS 68.210. KRS 68.275 requires the County Judge/Executive to present all claims to the fiscal court for review prior to payment. We recommend all expenditures of the county be included on their financial statements and all claims be submitted to the fiscal court for their review and included in the fiscal court minute book.

County Judge/Executive's Response: Fiscal Court were provided with copies of all expenditures in regard to this debt as they occurred, and were approved in whole as far as payables. These types of expenditures will be noted on the minutes in the future as well as reported to DLG.

2010-02 The County Should Bid All Expenditures Over \$20,000

KRS 424.260 says when the county makes a contract, lease, or other agreement involving an expenditure of more than \$20,000, they must advertise for bids. The county purchased two trucks for the road department totaling \$169,019 and paid a contractor \$21,912 for a road project during fiscal year ending June 30, 2010. Since both of these expenditures were over \$20,000, the county should have advertised for bids. However, neither of these was advertised for bid. We recommend the county comply with KRS 424.260 and advertise for bids for purchases over \$20,000.

County Judge/Executive's Response: Fiscal Court determined that these vendors were state approved and were not required to secure bids.

Auditor's Reply: County did not have documentation and auditors could not find where the vendors were on the state price contract. If vendors are not on the state price contract, the expenditures should be bid or the county should keep detailed documentation of why it was not bid.

2010-03 <u>Invoices Should Be Paid Within Thirty Working Days</u>

We found seven invoices totaling \$921,546 that were not paid timely. KRS 65.140(2) states that all bills for goods or services shall be paid within thirty (30) working days of receipt of vendor's invoice except when payment is delayed because the purchaser has made a written disapproval of improper invoicing by the vendor or by the vendor's subcontractor. It continues to state that if a payment of invoices exceeds 30 days, a 1% interest penalty should be added. We recommend that the county comply with KRS 65.140 by paying invoices within thirty (30) working days in the future.

County Judge/Executive's Response: Treasurer will be more diligent in regard to the timely payments in the future.

BOYD COUNTY COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010 (Continued)

STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS (Continued)

2010-04 Interfund Transfers Of \$3,491,003 Were Not Approved By The County

During testing of interfund transfers, we discovered that the county did not approve interfund cash transfers of \$3,491,003. KRS 68.290 states: "The fiscal court may transfer money from one (1) budget fund to another to provide for emergencies or increases or decreases in county employment pursuant to KRS 64.530(4). We recommend the fiscal court approve all transfers in the future and provide documentation within the minutes to be in compliance with KRS 68.290. We further recommend that the Treasurer seek approval from the Fiscal Court prior to performing interfund transfers.

County Judge/Executive's Response: These are standing orders as well as approved at each court meeting as part of the bill approval process.

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

BOYD COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

BOYD COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

The Boyd County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

William C. Stevens

County Judge/Executive

Billie Zellers
County Treasurer